Group Chief Executive's Review

The strength of our network gives us an unrivalled ability to help clients navigate complexity and uncover new opportunities.



We made good progress in 2016. The implementation of our strategic actions is well advanced and our global universal business model performed well in challenging conditions. Our reported profit before tax reflected a number of large significant items, including a write-off of all the remaining goodwill in Global Private Banking in Europe, an accounting loss on the sale of our Brazil business, and investments to achieve our cost-saving target. Our adjusted profits were broadly unchanged year on year following solid performances by our global businesses. These enabled us to capture market share in strategic product areas and build a platform for future growth. We delivered positive adjusted jaws in 2016.

Performance

Global Banking and Markets recovered from a sector-wide slow start to generate higher adjusted revenue than for 2015. Our Markets businesses performed well in challenging conditions, particularly in Fixed Income products. Our transaction banking businesses also grew revenue, especially Global Liquidity and Cash Management. We made market share gains in Fixed Income in Europe, and achieved our best ever league table rankings in global debt capital markets and cross-

border mergers and acquisitions. HSBC was recognised as the 'World's Best Investment Bank' and 'World's Best Bank for Corporates' at the *Euromoney* Awards for Excellence 2016.

Commercial Banking performed well, particularly in the UK and Hong Kong, growing adjusted revenue in spite of a slow-down in global trade. Gains in Global Liquidity and Cash Management, and Credit and Lending, exceeded the reduction in trade finance revenue. Global Trade and Receivables Finance continued to capture market share in major markets including Hong Kong and Singapore, maintaining our position as the world's number one trade finance bank.

Retail Banking and Wealth Management performance was mixed. Overall adjusted revenue was down, due largely to the impact of reduced client activity in Hong Kong on our Wealth Management businesses. At the same time, strong mortgage balance growth in the UK, Hong Kong and mainland China, and higher current account and savings balances in the UK and Hong Kong, helped increase revenue in Retail Banking. These increased balances should support revenue growth in 2017 and beyond.

We have considered it appropriate to write off the remaining goodwill in the European private banking business. This goodwill relates principally to the original purchase of Safra Republic Holdings in 1999. The restructuring of Global Private Banking is now largely complete, and although Global Private Banking is now much smaller than it was three years ago, it is deliberately positioned for sustainable growth with a focus on serving the personal wealth management needs of the leadership and owners of the Group's corporate clients.

Our cost-reduction programmes continue to bring down our adjusted operating expenses. The traction that these programmes have gained in the last 18 months has enabled us to increase the amount of costs that we are able to remove from the business. We now expect to deliver annualised cost savings of around \$6bn by the end of 2017, and will invest an equivalent total of around \$6bn over the same time-frame in order to achieve this.

These savings should more than compensate for additional investment in regulatory programmes and compliance.

We continue to make strong progress in implementing our strategic actions to improve returns and gain maximum value from our international network. We are on course to complete the majority of these actions by the end of 2017 (see pages 12 to 13), in line with our targets. Our targeted reduction of risk-weighted assets is 97% complete, and the success of our cost saving programmes means that we now expect to exceed our cost reduction target.

The turnaround of our Mexico business continues to accelerate. Improved lending and deposit balances, interest rate rises and better collaboration between businesses helped generate significantly higher profits compared with 2015. We also made significant market share gains, particularly in consumer lending.

We have continued to enhance our business in Asia-Pacific, launching our first exclusively HSBC-branded credit card in mainland China, growing assets under management and insurance new business premiums, and increasing loans in the Pearl River Delta. We also extended our leadership of the offshore renminbi bond market and achieved our best ranking for China outbound mergers and acquisitions since 2003.

We are better protected from financial crime because of the investment we have made in our Global Standards programme. Our Monitor has raised certain concerns, but we have continued to progress and our commitment remains unwavering. By the end of this year, we are on track to have our anti-money laundering and sanctions policy framework in place and to have introduced major compliance IT systems across the Group. Beyond 2017, we will continue to work to fine tune those systems and to ensure that our improvements are fully integrated into our day-to-day risk management practices.

Our strong common equity tier 1 ratio of 13.6% reinforces our ability to support the dividend, invest in the business and manage the continuing uncertain regulatory environment.

Delivering value for shareholders

In December, we completed the \$2.5bn equity buy-back that we commenced at the half-year. We are also now in a position to retire more of the capital that previously supported the Brazil business. Having received the appropriate regulatory clearances, we will therefore execute a further share buy-back of up to \$1bn in the first half of 2017. This will bring the total value of shares repurchased since last August to \$3.5bn.

We will continue to contemplate further share buy-backs as circumstances permit, and we remain confident of sustaining the annual dividend at the current level for the foreseeable future through the long-term earnings capacity of the business.

A business fit for the future

While our strategic actions are improving our network, we are also anticipating and adapting to the social, economic and technological trends that are changing our operating environment and our customers' needs and expectations.

The adoption of rapidly evolving digital technologies by our customers is arguably the most transformative force for the financial services industry. Through our global network, we are able to identify and respond to digital trends across 70 countries and territories, applying the technologies that provide the greatest benefit to our customers. We are investing \$2.1bn in digital transformation in Retail Banking and Wealth Management, Commercial Banking, and Global Banking and Markets between 2015 and the end of 2020, and we have already launched innovative ways to make banking faster, easier and safer. HSBC is now the biggest financial services user of biometrics globally, and we continue to roll out voice recognition and fingerprint technology across our network. In 2016, we enhanced our internet and mobile banking platforms in several of our key markets, including the UK and Hong Kong, and launched innovation labs around the world dedicated to the application of artificial intelligence, data management and improvements in cybersecurity. These labs, together with our fintech partnerships, will help us use technology to deliver better banking for our customers.

If digital technology is mankind's greatest opportunity, preventing climate change is its greatest challenge. The Paris Agreement of December 2015 reflected a new consensus on the need to strengthen the global response to climate change. Major injections of capital are now required to finance new technologies, infrastructure and the transition of traditional industries from high to low carbon, and to cover the costs of climate adaptation. As the principal intermediaries between entrepreneurs, businesses and investors, banks have a responsibility to help direct this flow of capital. We are already working with our clients and with investors to help them allocate capital and direct finance towards lowercarbon, carbon-resilient activities, and in 2016 we established a Sustainable Financing Unit to coordinate this work across business lines. Headquartered in London, but with resources in New York and Hong Kong, this new unit will support colleagues tasked with creating and delivering innovative climate products, and help them uncover new sources of sustainable finance.

'The changes we have made since 2011 have equipped HSBC to improve returns and gain maximum value from our international network'

We are also seeking to influence client practices and to build the data, the tools and the transparency necessary to embed understanding of climate risk into the way that markets function. In 2016, HSBC Global Research expanded its coverage of environment, social and corporate governance factors to give our clients the information they need to inform their investment decisions. This builds on the work of the worldleading HSBC Climate Change Centre for Excellence, which in 2017 celebrates 10 years of delivering market-leading information on climate policy to clients across the globe. Work is also underway to expand the Group's disclosure of non-financial data to meet the needs of shareholders and other stakeholders.

We are investing to adapt to the changing face of trade. As the world's largest trade finance bank with more than 150 years' experience at both ends of the world's busiest trade routes, we are perfectly placed to help modernise and digitise longstanding trade finance methods, many of which would still be recognisable to HSBC's founders. We are already working with a broad coalition of partners around the world to make the promise of blockchain technology a reality with regards to trade finance. HSBC has already helped develop a blockchain prototype for a letter of credit that confirms the possibility of sharing information between all parties on a private distributed ledger. In early 2017, we signed a memorandum of understanding with six other banks to make domestic and cross-border commerce easier for European SMEs using blockchain technology. We are also seeking to create ways of financing the growing services trade, which we estimate will account for a quarter of global trade by 2030. At a time when international politics threaten to increase rather than decrease the cost of trade, we will continue to invest both time and resources to find ways of making trade finance cheaper, faster, simpler and more secure for our customers.

Looking forward

We anticipate new challenges in 2017 from geopolitical developments, heightened trade barriers and regulatory uncertainty. However, the changes we have made since 2011 have equipped HSBC to manage the complexity of today's global business environment. HSBC is a strong and resilient business with a global universal business model geared to find growth opportunities in a low-growth world. If globalisation continues to retreat, as seems likely, we are in a strong position to capitalise on the regional opportunities that this will present, particularly in Asia and Europe. Most importantly, the strength of our network gives us an unrivalled ability to help our clients navigate that same complexity and overcome their own challenges, whether exploring new markets or making the transition to a low-carbon economy.

Stuart Gulliver

Stuart Gulliver Group Chief Executive 21 February 2017